T4

TO THE THERE

Original™ Series **METAL** Pumps

EOM

Engineering Operation & Maintenance



airpumping.co.uk

WILDEN

TURBO-FLO

WIL-10262-E-01



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CAUTIONS—READ FIRST!

TEMPERATURE LIMITS:

Polypropyler	ne 0°C to	79°C	32°F t	o 175°F
PVDF	-12°C to	107°C	10°F t	o 225°F
Neoprene	-17.8°C to	93.3°C	0°F t	o 200°F
Buna-N	-12.2°C to	82.2°C	10°F t	o 180°F
EPDM	-51.1°C to	137.8°C	-60°F t	o 280°F
Viton®	−40°C to	176.7°C	-40°F t	o 350°F
Wil-Flex™	−40°C to	107.2°C	-40°F t	o 225°F
Polyurethane	12.2°C to	65.6°C	10°F t	o 150°F
Saniflex™	-28.9°C to	104.4°C	−20°F t	o 220°F
PTFE	4.4°C to	104.4°C	40°F t	o 220°F

- **CAUTION:** When choosing pump materials, be sure to check the temperature limits for all wetted components. Example: Viton® has a maximum limit of 176.7°C (350°F) but polypropylene has a maximum limit of only 79°C (175°F).
- CAUTION: Maximum temperature limits are based upon mechanical stress only. Certain chemicals will significantly reduce maximum safe operating temperatures. Consult engineering guide for chemical compatibility and temperature limits.
- **CAUTION:** Always wear safety glasses when operating pump. If diaphragm rupture occurs, material being pumped may be forced out air exhaust.
- **WARNING:** Prevention of static sparking If static sparking occurs, fire or explosion could result. Pump, valves, and containers must be properly grounded when handling flammable fluids and whenever discharge of static electricity is a hazard.
- CAUTION: Do not exceed 8.6 bar (125 psig) air supply pressure.
- **CAUTION:** Before any maintenance or repair is attempted, the compressed air line to the pump should be disconnected and all air pressure allowed to bleed from pump. Disconnect all intake, discharge and air lines. Drain the pump by turning it upside down and allowing any fluid to flow into a suitable container.

- **CAUTION:** Blow out air line for 10 to 20 seconds before attaching to pump to make sure all pipe line debris is clear. Use an in-line air filter. A 5μ (micron) air filter is recommended.
- NOTE: When installing PTFE diaphragms, it is important to tighten outer pistons simultaneously (turning in opposite directions) to ensure tight fit.
- NOTE: Tighten clamp bands and retainers prior to installation. Fittings may loosen during transportation.
- NOTE: Before starting disassembly, mark a line from each liquid chamber to its corresponding air chamber. This line will assist in proper alignment during reassembly.
- **CAUTION:** Verify the chemical compatibility of the process and cleaning fluid to the pump's component materials in the Chemical Resistance Guide (see E4).
- **CAUTION:** When removing the end cap using compressed air, the air valve end cap may come out with considerable force. Hand protection such as a padded glove or rag should be used to capture the end cap.
- **CAUTION:** Only explosion proof (NEMA 7) solenoid valves should be used in areas where explosion proof equipment is required.
- NOTE: All non lube-free air-operated pumps must be lubricated. Wilden suggests an arctic 5 weight oil (ISO grade 15). Do not over-lubricate pump. Over-lubrication will reduce pump performance.
- NOTE: On cast iron pumps equipped with PTFE diaphragms, balls and sealing rings, PTFE gasket kits should be utilized.
- NOTE: UL-listed pumps must not exceed 3.4 bar (50 psig) air supply pressure.

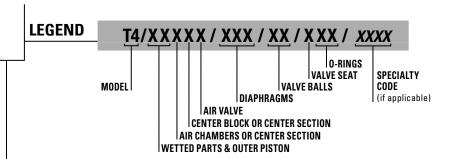




WILDEN PUMP DESIGNATION SYSTEM

T4 ORIGINAL™ **METAL**

38 mm (1-1/2") Pump **Maximum Flow Rate: 307 lpm (81 gpm)**



MATERIAL CODES

MODEL

T4 = 38 MM (1-1/2)

WETTED PARTS & OUTER PISTON

AA = ALUMINUM / ALUMINUM WW = CAST IRON / CAST IRON WM = CAST IRON / MILD STEEL

AIR CHAMBER / CENTER SECTION

= ALUMINUM = MILD STEEL = POLYPROPYLENE

CENTER BLOCK / CENTER SECTION

= ALUMINUM = POLYPROPYLENE

AIR VALVE

B = BRASS

DIAPHRAGMS

BNS = BUNA-N (Red Dot) BNU = BUNA-N, ULTRA-FLEXTM

(Red Dot)

EPDM (Blue Dot) EPU = EPDM, ULTRA-FLEX™ (Blue Dot)

SANIFLEXTM FSS =

[Hytrel® (Cream)] NES = NEOPRENE (Green Dot)

NEU = NEOPRENE, ULTRA-FLEX™ (Green Dot)

PUS = POLYURETHANE (Clear)

TEU = PTFE W/EPDM

BACK-UP (White) TNU = PTFE W/NEOPRENE BACK-UP (White)

TSU = PTFE W/SANIFLEX™ BACK-UP (White)

VTS = VITON® (White Dot) VTU = VITON®, ULTRA-FLEXTM

(White Dot) WFS = WIL-FLEXTM [Santoprene®

(Orange Dot)]

ΕP

VALVE BALL

= SANIFLEXTM [Hytrel® (Cream)] = NEOPRENE (Green Dot) PU = POLYURETHANE (Brown) = PTFE (White) TF VT = VITON® (White Dot) = WIL-FLEXTM [Santoprene®

BN = BUNA-N (Red Dot)

= EPDM (Blue Dot)

(Orange Dot)]

VALVE SEAT

A = ALUMINUM* BN = BUNA-N (Red Dot) EΡ = EPDM (Blue Dot) = SANIFLEXTM [Hytrel® (Cream)] = ALLOY C*

M = MILD STEEL*

NE = NEOPRENE (Green Dot) PU = POLYURETHANE (Brown) = STAINLESS STEEL* ς = VITON® (White Dot)

= WIL-FLEXTM [Santoprene® (Orange Dot)]

VALVE SEAT O-RING

FS = FLUORO-SEAL™ TF = PTFE (White)

SPECIALTY CODES

BSPT

0030 Screen based

0036 Screen based, BSPT

0044 Stallion®, balls & seats ONLY

0045 Stallion®, shaft & bumpers ONLY

0046 Stallion®, internals, BSPT

0048 Stallion®, internals 0050 Stallion

Stallion®, BSPT 0051

Stallion®, internals, spark free, BSPT

Stallion®, externals (screen)

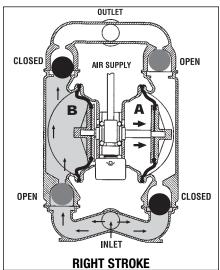
Stallion®, externals (screen), BSPT

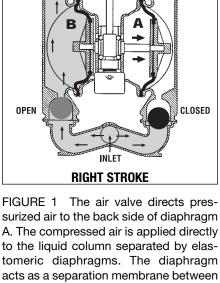
NOTE: MOST ELASTOMERIC MATERIALS USE COLORED DOTS FOR IDENTIFICATION.

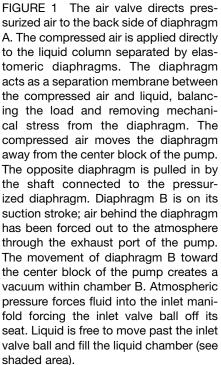
Viton® is a registered trademarks of DuPont Dow Elastomers.

HOW IT WORKS—PUMP

The Wilden diaphragm pump is an air-operated, positive displacement, self-priming pump. These drawings show the flow pattern through the pump upon its initial stroke. It is assumed the pump has no fluid in it prior to its initial stroke.







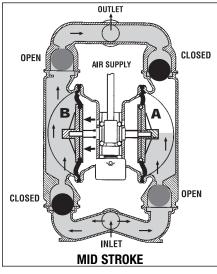
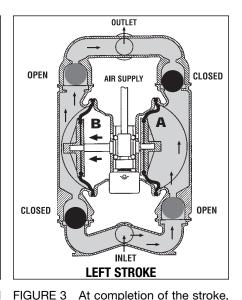


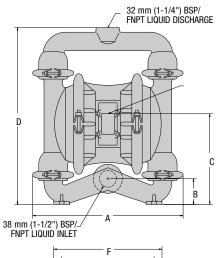
FIGURE 2 When the pressurized diaphragm, diaphragm A, reaches the limit of its discharge stroke, the air valve redirects pressurized air to the back side of diaphragm B. The pressurized air forces diaphragm B away from the center block while pulling diaphragm A to the center block. Diaphragm B is now on its discharge stroke. Diaphragm B forces the inlet valve ball onto its seat due to the hydraulic forces developed in the liquid chamber and manifold of the pump. These same hydraulic forces lift the discharge valve ball off its seat, while the opposite discharge valve ball is forced onto its seat, forcing fluid to flow through the pump discharge. The movement of diaphragm A toward the center block of the pump creates a vacuum within liquid chamber A. Atmospheric pressure forces fluid into the inlet manifold of the pump. The inlet valve ball is forced off its seat allowing the fluid being pumped to fill the liquid chamber.

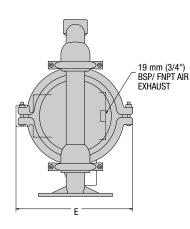


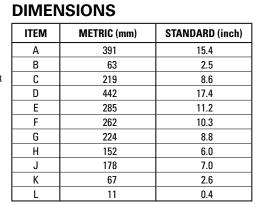
the air valve again redirects air to the back side of diaphragm A, which starts diaphragm B on its exhaust stroke. As the pump reaches its original starting point, each diaphragm has gone through one exhaust and one discharge stroke. This constitutes one complete pumping cycle. The pump may take several cycles to completely prime depending on the conditions of the application.



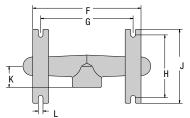
DIMENSIONAL DRAWINGS

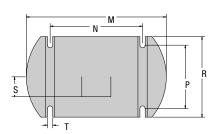




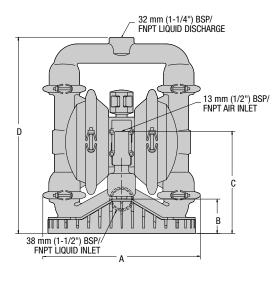


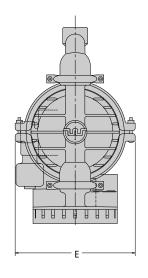
BSP threads available.





T4 Metal Stallion

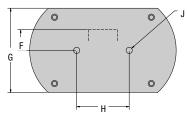




DIMENSIONS

ITEM	METRIC (mm)	STANDARD (inch)
Α	391	15.4
В	77	3.0
С	232	9.1
D	449	17.7
Е	285	11.2
F	48	1.9
G	197	7.8
Н	121	4.8
J	Ø14	Ø 0.6

BSP threads available.



WILDEN

PERFORMANCE

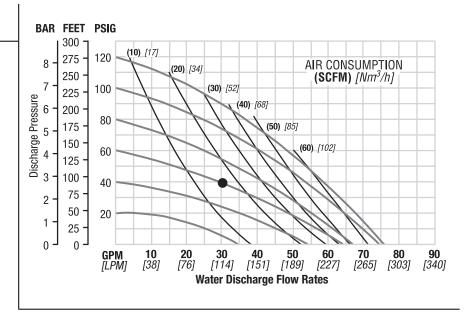
T4 METAL RUBBER-FITTED

Width	
Est. Ship Weight	Aluminum 17 kg (38 lbs)
	Stainless Steel 26 kg (57 lbs)
	Cast Iron 26 kg (57 lbs)
	13 mm (1/2")
Inlet	38 mm (1-1/2")
Outlet	32 mm (1-1/4")
Suction Lift	5.49 m (18')
	8.53 m (28')
Displacement per	Stroke . 1.02 I (0.27 gal.)1
Max. Flow Rate	288 lpm (76 gpm)
Max. Size Solids .	4.8 mm (3/16")

¹Displacement per stroke was calculated at 4.8 bar (70 psig) air inlet pressure against a 2 bar (30 psig) head pressure.

Example: To pump 113.6 lpm (30 gpm) against a discharge pressure head of 2.7 bar (40 psig) requires 4.1 bar (60 psig) and 25.5 Nm³/h (15 scfm) air consumption. (See dot on chart.)

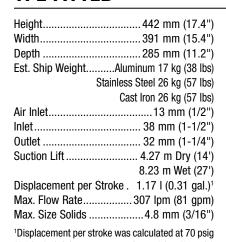
Caution: Do not exceed 8.6 bar (125 psig) air supply pressure.



Flow rates indicated on chart were determined by pumping water.

For optimum life and performance, pumps should be specified so that daily operation parameters will fall in the center of the pump performance curve.

T4 METAL TPE-FITTED

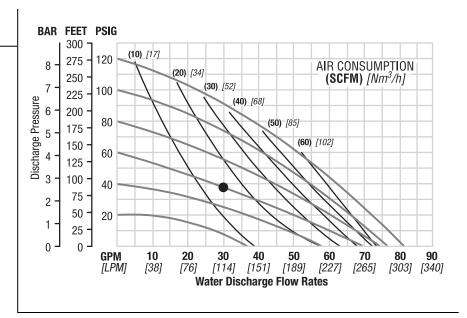


(4.8 bar) air inlet pressure against a 2 bar (30 psig) head pressure. **Example:** To pump 113.6 lpm (30 gpm) against a discharge pressure head of 2.7

bar (40 psig) requires 4.1 bar (60 psig) and

 $25.5 \text{ Nm}^3\text{/h}$ (15 scfm) air consumption. (See dot on chart.)

Caution: Do not exceed 8.6 bar (125 psig) air supply pressure.



Flow rates indicated on chart were determined by pumping water.

For optimum life and performance, pumps should be specified so that daily operation parameters will fall in the center of the pump performance curve.





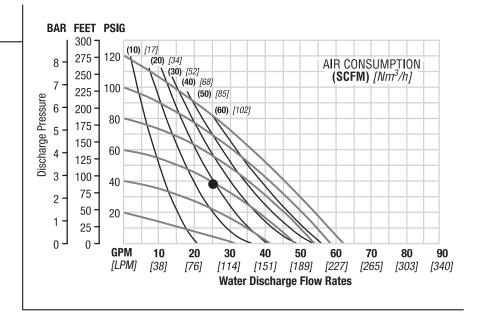
PERFORMANCE

T4 METAL PTFE-FITTED

Height 442 mm (17.4")
Width391 mm (15.4")
Depth285 mm (11.2")
Est. Ship WeightAluminum 17 kg (38 lbs)
Stainless Steel 26 kg (57 lbs)
Cast Iron 26 kg (57 lbs)
Air Inlet13 mm (1/2")
Inlet 38 mm (1-1/2")
Outlet 32 mm (1-1/4")
Suction Lift
8.53 m Wet (28')
Displacement per Stroke 0.53 I (0.14 gal.) ¹
Max. Flow Rate235 lpm (62 gpm)
Max. Size Solids4.8 mm (3/16")
¹ Displacement per stroke was calculated at 4.8 bar (70 psig) air inlet pressure against a 2 bar (30 psig) head pressure.

Example: To pump 94.6 lpm (25 gpm) against a discharge pressure head of 2.7 bar (40 psig) requires 4.1 bar (60 psig) and 51 Nm³/h (30 scfm) air consumption. (See dot on chart.)

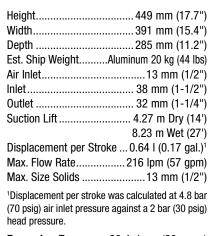
Caution: Do not exceed 8.6 bar (125 psig) air supply pressure.



Flow rates indicated on chart were determined by pumping water.

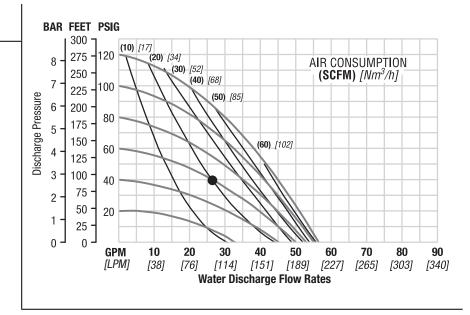
For optimum life and performance, pumps should be specified so that daily operation parameters will fall in the center of the pump performance curve.

T4 METAL STALLION ULTRA-FLEX™-FITTED



Example: To pump 98.4 lpm (26 gpm) against a discharge pressure head of 2.7 bar (40 psig) requires 4.1 bar (60 psig) and 35.7 Nm³/h (21 scfm) air consumption. (See dot on chart.)

Caution: Do not exceed 8.6 bar (125 psig) air supply pressure.



Flow rates indicated on chart were determined by pumping water.

For optimum life and performance, pumps should be specified so that daily operation parameters will fall in the center of the pump performance curve.

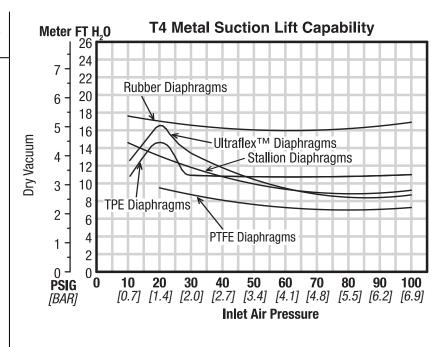




SUCTION LIFT CURVE

T4 METAL SUCTION LIFT CAPABILITY

Suction lift curves are calibrated for pumps operating at 1,000' (305 m) above sea level. This chart is meant to be a guide only. There are many variables which can affect your pump's operating characteristics. The number of intake and discharge elbows, viscosity of pumping fluid, elevation (atmospheric pressure) and pipe friction loss all affect the amount of suction lift your pump will attain.





NOTES

TURBO-FLO



SUGGESTED INSTALLATION

The Model T4 Metal pump has a 38 mm (1-1/2") inlet and 32 mm (1-1/4") outlet and is designed for flows to 307 lpm (81 gpm). The T4 Metal pump is manufactured with wetted parts of aluminum, cast iron, or stainless steel. The T4 Metal pump comes with either a center block or center section. The T4 center block is constructed of aluminum or nickel-plated aluminum. The T4 center section comes in polypropylene. The air distribution system consists of a brass air valve body, aluminum piston, Glyd™ rings and a bronze center section bushing. A variety of diaphragms, valve balls, valve seats, and o-rings are available to satisfy temperature, chemical compatibility, abrasion and flex concerns.

The suction pipe size should be at least 38 mm (1-1/2") diameter or larger if highly viscous material is being pumped. The suction hose must be non-collapsible, reinforced type as the T4 is capable of pulling a high vacuum. Discharge piping should be at least 32 mm (1-1/4"); larger diameter can be used to reduce friction losses. It is critical that all fittings and connections are airtight or a reduction or loss of pump suction capability will result.

INSTALLATION: Months of careful planning, study, and selection efforts can result in unsatisfactory pump performance if installation details are left to chance.

Premature failure and long term dissatisfaction can be avoided if reasonable care is exercised throughout the installation process.

LOCATION: Noise, safety, and other logistical factors usually dictate that "utility" equipment be situated away from the production floor. Multiple installations with conflicting requirements can result in congestion of utility areas, leaving few choices for siting of additional pumps.

Within the framework of these and other existing conditions, every pump should be located in such a way that four key factors are balanced against each other to maximum advantage.

- 1. ACCESS: First of all, the location should be accessible. If it's easy to reach the pump, maintenance personnel will have an easier time carrying out routine inspections and adjustments. Should major repairs become necessary, ease of access can play a key role in speeding the repair process and reducing total downtime.
- 2. AIR SUPPLY: Every pump location should have an air line large enough to supply the volume of air necessary to achieve the desired pumping rate (see pump performance chart). Use air pressure up to a maximum of 8.6 bar (125 psig) depending upon pumping requirements. The use of an air filter before the pump will ensure that the majority of any pipeline contaminants will be eliminated. For best results, the pumps should use an air filter, regulator, and lubricator system.
- 3. SOLENOID OPERATION: the pumps should use a 5μ micron air filter, needle valve and regulator. The use of an air filter before the pump will ensure that the majority of any pipeline contaminants will be eliminated.
- 4. ELEVATION: Selecting a site that is well within the pump's suction lift capability will assure that loss-of-prime troubles will be eliminated. In addition, pump efficiency can be adversely affected if proper attention is not given to elevation (see pump performance chart).

5. PIPING: Final determination of the pump site should not be made until the piping problems of each possible location have been evaluated. The impact of current and future installations should be considered ahead of time to make sure that inadvertent restrictions are not created for any remaining sites.

The best choice possible will be a site involving the shortest and the straightest hook-up of suction and discharge piping. Unnecessary elbows, bends, and fittings should be avoided. Pipe sizes should be selected so as to keep friction losses within practical limits. All piping should be supported independently of the pump. In addition, it should line up without placing stress on the pump fittings.

Expansion joints can be installed to aid in absorbing the forces created by the natural reciprocating action of the pump. If the pump is to be bolted down to a solid foundation, a mounting pad placed between the pump and foundation will assist in minimizing pump vibration. Flexible connections between the pump and rigid piping will also assist in minimizing pump vibration. If quick-closing valves are installed at any point in the discharge system, or if pulsation within a system becomes a problem, a surge suppressor should be installed to protect the pump, piping and gauges from surges and water hammer.

When pumps are installed in applications involving flooded suction or suction head pressures, a gate valve should be installed in the suction line to permit closing of the line for pump service.

The T4 can be used in submersible applications only when both wetted and non-wetted portions are compatible with the material being pumped. If the pump is to be used in a submersible application, a hose should be attached to the pump's air exhaust and the exhaust air piped above the liquid level.

If the pump is to be used in a self-priming application, be sure that all connections are airtight and that the suction lift is within the pump's ability. Note: Materials of construction and elastomer material have an effect on suction lift parameters. Please refer to pump performance data.

Pumps in service with a positive suction head are most efficient when inlet pressure is limited to 0.5–0.7 bar (7–10 psig). Premature diaphragm failure may occur if positive suction is 0.8 bar (11 psig) and higher.

THE MODEL T4 WILL PASS 4.8 mm (3/16") SOLIDS. THE M4 STALLION WILL PASS 13 mm (1/2") SOLIDS. WHENEVER THE POSSIBILITY EXISTS THAT LARGER SOLID OBJECTS MAY BE SUCKED INTO THE PUMP, A STRAINER SHOULD BE USED ON THE SUCTION LINE.

CAUTION: DO NOT EXCEED 8.6 BAR (125 PSIG) AIR SUPPLY PRESSURE. (3.4 BAR [50 PSIG] FOR UL MODELS.)

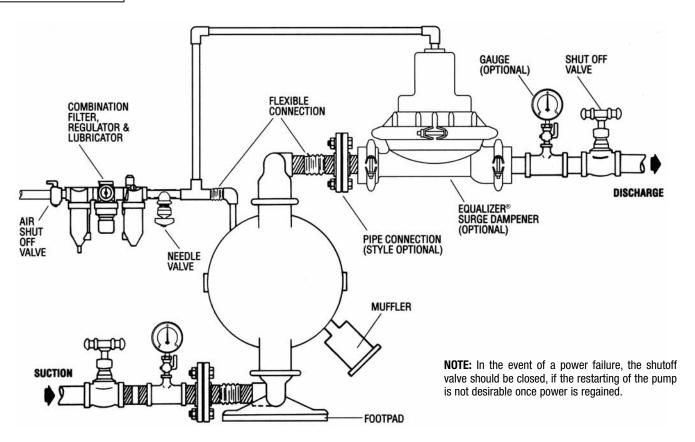
PUMPS SHOULD BE THOROUGHLY FLUSHED WITH WATER BEFORE INSTALLING INTO PROCESS LINES. FDA AND USDA PUMPS SHOULD BE CLEANED AND/OR SANITIZED BEFORE USE ON EDIBLE PRODUCTS.

BLOW OUT AIR LINE FOR 10 TO 20 SECONDS BEFORE ATTACHING TO PUMP TO MAKE SURE ALL PIPE LINE DEBRIS IS CLEAR. ALWAYS USE AN IN-LINE AIR FILTER.



TURBO-FLO*

SUGGESTED INSTALLATION



AIR-OPERATED PUMPS: To stop the pump from operating in an emergency situation, simply close the shut-off valve (user supplied) installed in the air supply line. A properly functioning valve will stop the air supply to the pump, therefore stopping output. This shut-off valve should be located far enough away from the pumping equipment such that it can be reached safely in an emergency situation.

SUGGESTED OPERATION & MAINTENANCE

OPERATION: Pump discharge rate can be controlled by limiting the volume and/or pressure of the air supply to the pump (preferred method). An air regulator is used to regulate air pressure. A needle valve is used to regulate volume. Pump discharge rate can also be controlled by throttling the pump discharge by partially closing a valve in the discharge line of the pump. This action increases friction loss which reduces flow rate. This is useful when the need exists to control the pump from a remote location. When the pump discharge pressure equals or exceeds the air supply pressure, the pump will stop; no bypass or pressure relief valve is needed, and pump damage will not occur. The pump has reached a "deadhead" situation and can be restarted by reducing the fluid discharge pressure or increasing the air inlet pressure. The Wilden T4 pump runs solely on compressed air and does not generate heat, therefore your process fluid temperature will not be affected.

RECORDS: When service is required, a record should be made of all necessary repairs and replacements. Over a period of time, such records can become a valuable tool for predicting and preventing future maintenance problems and unscheduled downtime. In addition, accurate records make it possible to identify pumps that are poorly suited to their applications.

MAINTENANCE AND INSPECTIONS: Since each application is unique, maintenance schedules may be different for every pump. Frequency of use, line pressure, viscosity and abrasiveness of process fluid all affect the parts life of a Wilden pump. Periodic inspections have been found to offer the best means for preventing unscheduled pump downtime. Personnel familiar with the pump's construction and service should be informed of any abnormalities that are detected during operation.





TROUBLESHOOTING - AIR CONTROLLED

Pump will not run or runs slowly.

- 1. Check air inlet screen and air filter for debris.
- 2. Check for sticking air valve, flush air valve in solvent.
- Check for worn out air valve. If piston face in air valve is shiny instead of dull, air valve is probably worn beyond working tolerances and must be replaced.
- 4. Check center block Glyd™ rings. If worn excessively, they will not seal and air will simply flow through pump and out air exhaust. Use only Wilden Glyd™ rings as they are of special construction and ISO 15-5 wt oil with arctic characteristics.
- 5. Check for rotating piston in air valve.
- Check type of lubricant being used. A higher viscosity oil than suggested may cause the piston to stick or run erratically. Wilden suggests the use of a hydraulic oil with arctic characteristics (ISO 15-5 wt).

Pump runs but little or no product flows.

- 1. Check for pump cavitation; slow pump speed down to match thickness of material being pumped.
- 2. Check for sticking ball checks. If material being pumped is not compatible with pump elastomers, swelling may

- occur. Replace ball checks and o-rings with proper elastomers.
- Check to make sure all suction connections are air tight, especially clamp bands around intake balls.

Pump air valve freezes.

Check for excessive moisture in compressed air. Either install dryer or hot air generator for compressed air.

Air bubbles in pump discharge.

- 1. Check for ruptured diaphragm.
- Check tightness of clamp bands, especially at intake manifold.

Product comes out air exhaust.

- 1. Check for diaphragm rupture.
- 2. Check tightness of piston plates to shaft.

Pump rattles.

- 1. See E9 Troubleshooting Guide.
- 2. Create false discharge head or suction lift.

TURBO-FLO

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DISASSEMBLY/REASSEMBLY

CAUTION: Before any maintenance or repair is attempted, the compressed air line to the pump should be disconnected and all air pressure allowed to bleed from the pump. Disconnect all intake, discharge, and air lines. Drain the pump by turning it upside down and allowing any fluid to flow into a suitable container. Be aware of any hazardous effects of contact with your process fluid.

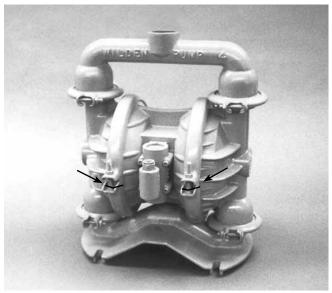
The Wilden T4 has a 38 mm (1-1/2") inlet and 32 mm (1-1/4") outlet and is designed for flows up to 81 gpm (307 lpm). The model T4 is available in aluminum, cast iron, or 316 stainless steel wetted parts. The air valve is manufactured of brass, PTFE-coated brass, nickel-plated brass or stainless steel. All o-rings used in the pump are of a special material and shore hardness which should only be replaced with factory-supplied parts.

TOOLS REQUIRED:

Adjustable Wrench 1/2" Wrench 3/8" Box Wrench 3/16" Allen Wrench

Vise equipped with soft jaws (such as plywood, plastic or other suitable material)

NOTE: The model used for these instructions incorporates rubber diaphragms, balls, and seats. Models with PTFE diaphragms, balls and seats are the same except where noted. The procedures for A4 Accu-FloTM pumps are the same except for the air distribution system.

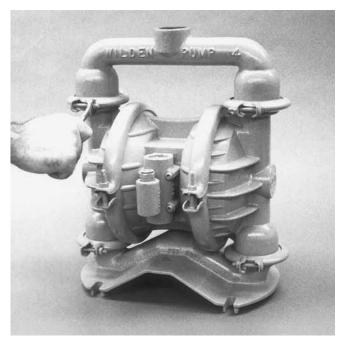


DISASSEMBLY:

Figure 1

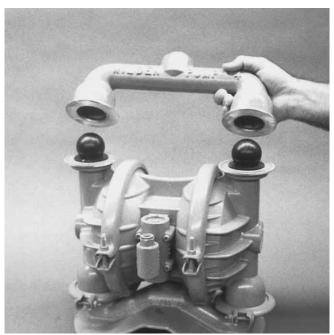
Step 1.

Before starting disassembly, mark a line from each liquid chamber to its corresponding air chamber. This line will assist in proper alignment during reassembly.



Step 2. Figure 2

Utilizing a 1/2" wrench, remove the two small clamp bands that fasten the discharge manifold to the liquid chambers.

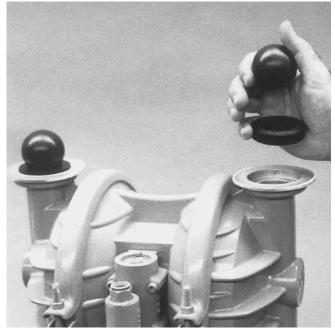


Step 3. Figure 3

Lift away the discharge manifold to expose the valve balls and seats.



DISASSEMBLY/REASSEMBLY



Step 4. Figure 4

Remove the discharge valve balls and seats from the liquid chambers and inspect for nicks, gouges, chemical attack or abrasive wear. Replace worn parts with genuine Wilden parts for reliable performance.

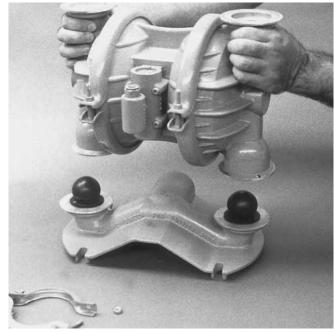
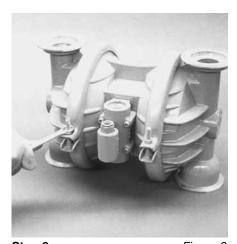


Figure 5 Step 5.

Remove the two small clamp bands, which fasten the intake manifold to the liquid chambers. Lift liquid chambers and center section from intake manifold to expose intake valve balls and seats.



Step 6. Figure 6

Remove one set of large clamp bands which secure one liquid chamber to the center section.



Step 7.

Lift liquid chamber away from center section to expose diaphragm and outer piston.



Step 8.

Figure 7

Using an adjustable wrench, or by rotating the diaphragm by hand, remove the diaphragm assembly.





DISASSEMBLY/REASSEMBLY







Figure 9A Figure 9B

NOTE: Due to varying torque values, one of the following two situations may occur: 1) The outer piston, diaphragm and inner piston remain attached to the shaft and the entire assembly can be removed from the center section (Figure 9A);

2) The outer piston, diaphragm and inner piston separate from the shaft which remains connected to the opposite side diaphragm assembly (Figure 9B). Repeat disassembly instructions for the opposite liquid chamber. Inspect diaphragm assembly and shaft for signs of wear or chemical attack. Replace all worn parts with genuine Wilden parts for reliable performance.

Step 10. Figure 10 To remove diaphragm assembly from

shaft, secure shaft with soft jaws (a vise fitted with plywood or other suitable material) to ensure shaft is not nicked, scratched or gouged. Using an adjustable wrench, remove diaphragm assembly from shaft.



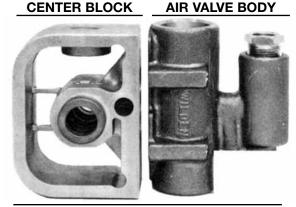
TURBO-FLO

AIR VALVE / CENTER BLOCK DISASSEMBLY

The air valve assembly consists of both the air valve body and piston and the center block. The unique design of the air valve relies only on differential pressure to effect the diaphragm shift. It is reliable and simple to maintain. The bushing in the center block, along with the diaphragm shaft, provides the "trigger" to tell the air valve to shift. The following procedure will ensure that the air valve on your Wilden pump will provide long trouble-free service.

AIR VALVE ASSEMBLY AND DISASSEMBLY:

The air valve (P/N 04-2000-07) can be disconnected from the pump by removing the four socket head cap screws which attach it to the center block. The piston should move freely and the ports in the piston should line up with the ports on the face of the air valve body (see *Figure D*). The piston should also appear to be dull, dark gray in color. If the piston appears to be a shiny aluminum color, the air valve is probably worn beyond working tolerances and should be replaced.



AIR VALVE ASSEMBLY

Figure A

If the piston does not move freely in the air valve, the entire air valve should be immersed in a cleaning solution. [NOTE: Do not force the piston by inserting a metal object.] This soaking should remove any accumulation of sludge and grit which is preventing the air valve piston from moving freely. Also, remove and clean the air valve screen (P/N 04-2500-03). If the air valve piston does not move freely after the above cleaning, the air valve should be disassembled as follows: Remove the snap ring from the top end of the air valve cylinder and apply an air jet to the 3/16-inch hole on the opposite end of the air valve face (see *Figure C*). **CAUTION:** The air valve end cap may come out with considerable force. Inspect the piston and cylinder bore for nicks and scoring.

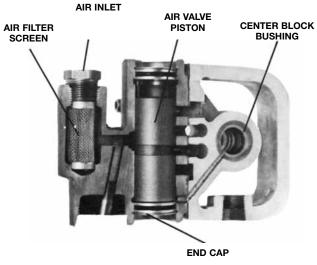


Figure B



Figure C

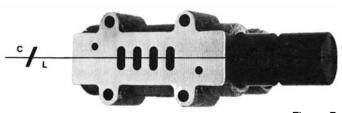


Figure D





AIR VALVE / CENTER BLOCK DISASSEMBLY

Small nicks can usually be dressed out and the piston returned to service. Inspect the cylinder end caps (P/N 04-2300-23 has the piston guide pin and P/N 04-2330-23 does not.) Make sure that the guide pin is straight and smooth or the piston will not move freely in the cylinder. Inspect the anti-centering pin holes found at the ends of the air valve piston and ensure they are free of debris. New o-rings (P/N 04-2390-52) should be installed on the end caps. Lubricate the o-rings with an arctic 5 weight hydraulic oil (ISO grade 15) and install the end caps, assuring that proper alignment of the piston and cylinder ports is maintained (see Figure D). Reinstall air valve to center block of pump. Tighten per the torque specification*.

GLYD™ RING REPLACEMENT:

When the Glyd™ rings become worn, they will no longer seal and must be replaced. Due to the design characteristics of the Glvd™ rings, it is suggested that you use the Ringer Seal installation kit when replacing Glyd™ rings. Consult EOM-Ringer for installation instructions.

CENTER BLOCK ASSEMBLY (P/N 04-3100-01-225):

The pump's centerblock (P/N04-3100-01-225) consists of a die cast housing with a cast-in-bronze bushing (Figure G). Figure H shows T4 injection-molded polypropylene center section (P/N 04-3150-20) and alignment with air valve. The bushing has eleven grooves cut on the inside diameter. There are seven Glyd™ rings that fit in these grooves (see Figure E). Since these Glyd™ rings form a part of the shifting function of the pump, it is necessary that they be located in the proper grooves. The bronze bushing is replaceable in cast iron center block only. When bushing wear becomes excessive, a new center block must be used.

Grooves In Bushing Which Contain Glyd™ Rings

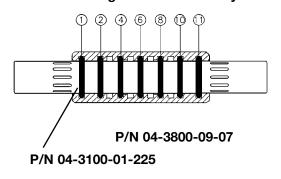


Figure E



Figure F (Side View)

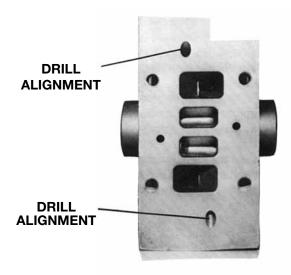


Figure G Center Block (Front View)

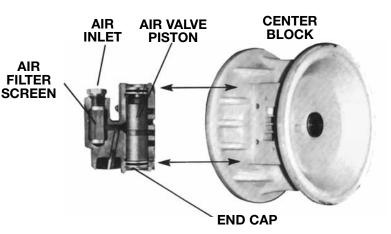


Figure H





REASSEMBLY HINTS & TIPS

ASSEMBLY:

Upon performing applicable maintenance to the air distribution system, the pump can now be reassembled. Please refer to the disassembly instructions for photos and parts placement. To reassemble the pump, follow the disassembly instructions in reverse order. The air distribution system needs to be assembled first, then the diaphragms and finally the wetted path. Please find the applicable torque specifications on this page. The following tips will assist in the assembly process.

- Clean the inside of the center section shaft bushing to ensure no damage is done to new seals.
- Stainless bolts should be lubed to reduce the possibility of seizing during tightening.
- Be sure to tighten outer pistons simultaneously on PTFEfitted pumps to ensure proper torque values.

MAXIMUM TORQUE SPECIFICATIONS

Description of Part	Metal Pumps
Air Valve	3.4 N·m [30 in-lbs]
Outer Piston	54.2 N·m [40 ft-lbs]
Small Clamp Band	3.4 N·m [30 in-lbs]
Large Clamp Band (Rubber-Fitted)	10.7 N·m [95 in-lbs]
Large Clamp Band (PTFE-Fitted)	13.5 N·m [120 in-lbs]
Center Block Assembly	8.5 N·m [75 in-lbs]
Polyurethane Screen Base	2.3 N·m [20 in-lbs]



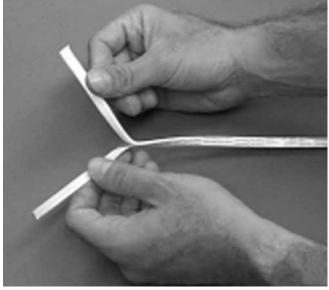
TURBOFLO

GASKET KIT INSTALLATION

The Wilden T4 cast iron pumps require PTFE gasket tape on the liquid chambers (P/N 04-9502-99). Other pump types may use PTFE gasket kits for additional sealing characteristics.

During reassembly follow the procedures listed in your pump's Engineering, Operation and Maintenance manual. Carefully prepare sealing surfaces by removing all debris and foreign matter from diaphragm bead and all mating surfaces. If necessary, smooth or deburr all sealing surfaces. Mating surfaces must be properly aligned in order to ensure positive sealing characteristics.

Always wear safety glasses when performing maintenance on any Wilden product.



Step 1

Gently remove the adhesive covering from the back of the PTFE tape. Ensure that the adhesive strip remains attached to the PTFE tape.



Step 2

Starting at any point, place the PTFE tape in the center of the diaphragm bead groove on the liquid chamber and press lightly on the tape to ensure that the adhesive holds in place during assembly. Do not stretch the tape during placement in the center of diaphragm bead groove.



Step 3

The end of the tape should overlap approximately 13 mm (1/2"). Proceed to install the PTFE tape on the remaining diaphragm.



NOTES



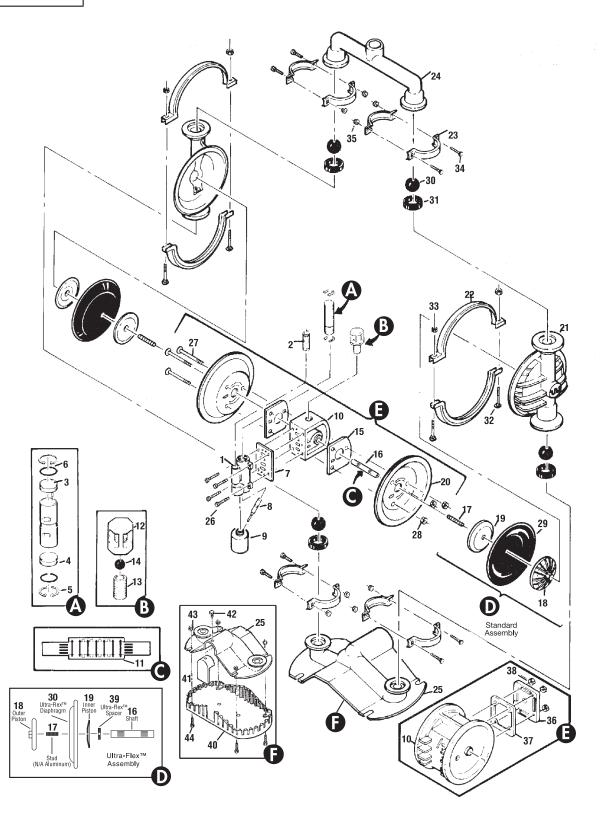
WILDEN

EXPLODED VIEW & PARTS LISTING

T4 METAL

Rubber/TPE-Fitted

EXPLODED VIEW







EXPLODED VIEW & PARTS LISTING

T4 METAL

Rubber/TPE-Fitted

PARTS LISTING

			Aluminum Pumps			
Item	Description	Qty.Per Pump	T4/AAMAB P/N	T4/AAPPB P/N	T4/SSPPB P/N	T4/WWPPB P/N
11	Air Valve ¹	1	04-2000-07	04-2000-07	04-2000-07	04-2000-07
2	Air Valve Screen	1	04-2500-07	04-2500-07	04-2500-07	04-2500-07
3	Air Valve Cap w/Guide (Top)	1	04-2300-23	04-2300-23	04-2300-23	04-2300-23
4	Air Valve Cap w/o Guide (Bottom)	1	04-2330-23	04-2330-23	04-2330-23	04-2330-23
5	Snap Ring	2	04-2650-03	04-2650-03	04-2650-03	04-2650-03
6	Air Valve Cap O-Ring	2	04-2390-52	04-2390-52	04-2390-52	04-2390-52
7	Air Valve Gasket — Buna-N	1	04-2600-52	04-2600-52	04-2600-52	04-2600-52
8	Lubricator Capillary Rod Assy. (Optional)	1	04-2900-99	04-2900-99	04-2900-99	04-2900-99
9	Lubricator Oil Bottle (Optional)	1	04-2850-01	04-2850-01	04-2850-01	04-2850-01
	Plug (Not shown)		N/R	N/R	N/R	N/R
10	Center Section/Block	1	04-3100-01-225	04-3150-20-225	04-3150-20-225	04-3150-20-225
11	Glyd™ Ring	7	08-3210-55-225	08-3210-55-225	08-3210-55-225	08-3210-55-225
12	Check Body	1	N/R	N/A	N/A	N/A
13	Nipple 3/4" x Close	1	N/R	N/A	N/A	N/A
14	Check Ball	1	N/R	N/A	N/A	N/A
15	Block Gasket	2	04-3520-30	N/A	N/A	N/A
16	Shaft	1	04-3800-09-07	04-3800-09-07	04-3800-09-07	04-3800-09-07
	Shaft, Ultra-Flex™	1	04-3830-09-07	04-3830-09-07	04-3830-09-07	04-3830-09-07
17	Shaft Stud (M4/WPPB: Bolt)	2	04-6150-08	04-6150-08	04-6150-08	04-6090-08
	Stud, Ultra-Flex™	2	N/A	N/A	04-6152-08	04-6152-08
18	Piston, Outer	2	04-4552-01	04-4552-01	04-4550-03	04-4550-08
	Piston, Outer, Ultra-Flex™	2	04-4560-01	04-4560-01	02-4550-03	04-4560-02
19	Piston, Inner	2	04-3700-08	04-3700-08	04-3700-08	04-3700-08
	Piston, Inner, Ultra-Flex™	2	04-3760-08	04-3760-08	04-3760-08	04-3760-08
20	Air Chamber	2	04-3650-08	N/R	N/R	N/R
21	Liquid Chamber	2	04-5000-01	04-5000-01	04-5000-03	04-5000-02
22	Clamp Band (Large)	2	04-7300-08	04-7330-08	04-7330-03	04-7330-08
23	Clamp Band (Small)	4	04-7100-08	04-7100-08	04-7100-03	04-7100-08
24	Discharge Manifold	1	04-5020-01	04-7100-00	04-7100-03	04-7100-00
25	Inlet Housing	1	04-5080-01	04-5080-01	04-5080-03	04-5080-02
26	Air Valve Cap Screw	4	04-6000-08	04-6000-03-500	04-6000-03-500	04-6000-03-500
27	Hex Head Cap Screw 1/4"-20 x 3"	3	04-6130-08	N/R	N/R	N/R
28	Hex Head Nut 1/4"-20	3	04-6400-08	N/R	N/R	N/R
29	Diaphragm*	2	*	*	*	*
30	Valve Ball*	4	*	*	*	*
31	Valve Seat*	4	*	*	*	*
32	Large Clamp Band Bolt 5/16"-18 x 2-1/4"	4	04-6070-08	04-6070-08	04-6070-03	04-6070-08
33	Large Hex Nut 5/16"-18	4	04-6420-08	04-6420-08	08-6400-03	04-6420-08
34	Small Clamp Band Bolt 1/4"-20 x 1-3/4"	8	04-6050-08	04-6050-08	01-6070-03	04-6050-08
35	Small Hex Nut 1/4"-20	8	04-6400-08	04-6400-08	04-6400-03	04-6400-08
36	Muffler Plate	1	N/R	04-3180-20	04-0400-03	04-3180-20
37	Muffler Plate Gasket — Buna-N	1	N/R	04-3500-52	04-3500-52	04-3500-52
38	Air Valve Hex Nut 1/4"-20	4	N/R	04-6400-03	04-5300-52	04-5300-32
39	Spacer, Ultra-Flex TM	2	04-3860-08	04-8400-03	04-0400-03	04-8400-03
40	Screen, Stallion	1	N/R	N/R	N/A	N/R
41	Suction Cover	1	N/R	N/R	N/A	N/R
41	Screw, HHC, 3/8"-16 x 7/8"	1	N/R	N/R N/R	N/A N/A	N/R
	Nut. Hex 3/8"-16	4	N/R	N/R N/R	N/A N/A	N/R N/R
43				· '	,	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
44	Screw, HHC, 3/8"-16 x 1-1/2"	4 2	N/R	N/R	N/A	N/R
	Bumper Pad (not shown)	2	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

¹Air Valve Assembly includes items 2–6.

NOTE: Cast iron pumps require a reinforcing washer (P/N 04-6800-08) between the outer piston (P/N 04-4550-08) and bolt (P/N 04-6090-08).

All boldface items are primary wear parts.

^{*}For optional T4 Metal Pump elastomers, Section 9 (page 24).

NOTE: Muffler (P/N 04-3510-99) (not shown) is standard on all T4 pumps. (Comes equipped with P/N 08-3250-08 3/4" 45 degree street elbow for metal center section only.)

NOTE: Muffler (P/N 08-3510-99) (not shown) is available upon request. (Comes equipped with P/N 08-3250-08 34" 45 degree street elbow.)

NOTE: Aluminum pumps are available with a screen base. Requires (1) 04-5620-01 (Screen), (4) 04-6140-08 (Bolt) and (4) 15-6720-08 (Washer). BSP threads available.

NOTE: Stallion models come standard with rubber Ultra-Flex™ diaphragms only. See Elastomer Section for details.

NOTE: Stallion model pumps require an additional screen base (P/N 04-5620-62), 4 bolts (P/N 08-6190-03-42), 4 hex nuts (P/N 08-6450-03), one suction cover (P/N 04-5660-01) and one bolt (P/N 08-6140-03). See exploded view on page 26 for details.

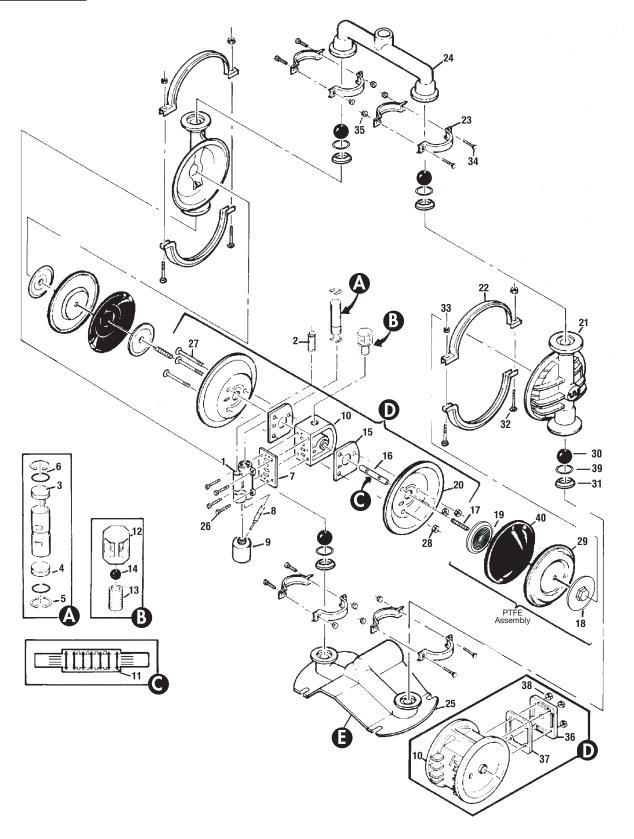


EXPLODED VIEW & PARTS LISTING

T4 METAL

PTFE-Fitted

EXPLODED VIEW







EXPLODED VIEW & PARTS LISTING

T4 METAL

PTFE-Fitted

PARTS LISTING

Item	Description	Qty. Per Pump	T4/ AAPPB P/N	T4/ SSPPB P/N	T4/ WWPPB P/N
1	Air Valve1	1 1	04-2000-07	04-2000-07	04-2000-07
2	Air Valve Screen	1	04-2500-07	04-2500-07	04-2500-07
3	Air Valve Screen Air Valve Cap w/Guide (Top)	1	04-2300-07	04-2300-23	04-2300-23
4	Air Valve Cap w/o Guide (Bottom)	1	04-2330-23	04-2330-23	04-2330-23
5	Snap Ring	2	04-2650-03	04-2650-03	04-2650-03
6	Air Valve Cap O-Ring	2	04-2390-52	04-2390-52	04-2390-52
7	Air Valve Cap 0-1111g Air Valve Gasket — Buna-N	1	04-2600-52	04-2600-52	04-2600-52
8	Lubricator Capillary Rod Assy. (Optional)	1	04-2900-99	04-2900-99	04-2900-99
9	Lubricator Capillary Noti Assy. (Optional)	1	04-2850-01	04-2850-01	04-2850-01
10	Center Block/Section	1	04-3150-20-225	04-3150-20-225	04-3150-20-225
11	Glyd TM Ring	7	08-3210-55-225	08-3210-55-225	08-3210-55-225
12	Check Body	1	N/A	N/A	N/A
13	Nipple 3/4" x Close	1	N/A	N/A	N/A
14	Check Ball	1	N/A	N/A	N/A
15	Block Gasket — Buna-N	2	N/A	N/A	N/A
16	Shaft	1	04-3820-09-07	04-3820-09-07	04-3820-09-07
17	Shaft Stud	2	04-5620-09-07	04-3820-09-07	04-3820-09-07
18	Piston, Outer	2	04-6150-08	04-6150-08	
19	Piston, Inner	2	04-3750-01	04-4600-03	04-4600-03 04-3750-01
20	Air Chamber	2	N/R	N/R	N/R
21	Liquid Chamber	2	04-5000-01	04-5000-03	04-5000-02
22	Clamp Band (Large)	2	04-7330-03	04-7330-03	04-7330-03
23	Clamp Band (Small)	4	04-7100-03	04-7100-03	04-7330-03
24	Discharge Manifold	1	04-7100-03	04-7100-03	04-7100-03
25	Inlet Housing	1	04-5080-01	04-5080-03	04-5080-02
26	Air Valve Cap Screw 1/4"-20 x 6-11/16"	4	04-6000-03-500	04-6000-03-500	04-6000-03-500
27	Hex Head Cap Screw 1/4"-20 x 3"	3	N/R	N/R	N/R
28	Hex Head Nut 1/4"-20	3	N/R	N/R	N/R
29	Diaphragm	2	04-1010-55	04-1010-55	04-1010-55
30	Valve Ball	4	04-1010-55	04-1010-55	04-1010-55
31	Valve Seat	4	04-1121-01	04-1121-03	04-1121-08
32	Large Clamp Band Bolt 5/16"-18 x 2-1/4"	4	04-6070-03	04-6070-03	04-6070-03
33	Large Hex Nut 5/16"-18	4	08-6400-03	08-6400-03	08-6400-03
34	Small Clamp Band Bolt 1/4"-20 x 1-3/4"	8	01-6070-03	01-6070-03	01-6070-03
35	Small Hex Nut 1/4"-20	8	04-6400-03	04-6400-03	04-6400-03
36	Muffler Plate	1	04-3180-20	04-3180-20	04-3180-20
37	Muffler Plate Gasket — Buna-N	1	04-3500-52	04-3500-52	04-3100-20
38	Air Valve Hex Nut 1/4"-20	4	04-6400-03	04-6400-03	04-6400-03
39	Valve Seat 0-Ring ²	4	04-1200-55	04-1200-55	04-1200-55
40	Back-up Diaphragm*	2	04-1060-51	04-1200-55	04-1260-51
	back-up Diapinagin		04-1000-31	04-1000-31	04-1000-31

¹Air Valve Assembly includes items 2–6.

All PTFE fitted cast iron pumps require 1/2" gasket tape P/N 04-9502-99

BSP threads available.

All boldface items are primary wear parts.

²Fluoro-Seal™ o-rings available upon request.

NOTE — Muffler (P/N 04-3510-99) (not shown) is standard on all pumps. (Metal center blocks come with a 45° street elbow.)

^{*}Back-up Diaphragm for PTFE-fitted pump: P/N 04-1060-51. SaniflexTM Back-up Diaphragm, P/N 04-1060-56, is available upon request for PTFE-fitted pumps. Please consult your local distributor.





ELASTOMER OPTIONS - AIR CONTROLLED

T4 Metal Pumps

MATERIAL	Diaphragms (2) P/N	ULTRA-FLEX™ DIAPHRAGMS (2) P/N	VALVE BALLS (4) P/N	VALVE SEATS (4) P/N	VALVE SEAT* O-RINGS (4) P/N	ULTRA-FLEX™ OUTER PISTONS (2) P/N
Neoprene	04-1010-51	04-1020-51	04-1080-51	04-1120-51	N/A	N/A
Buna-N	04-1010-52	04-1020-52	04-1080-52	04-1120-52	N/A	N/A
EPDM	04-1010-54	04-1020-54	04-1080-54	04-1120-54	N/A	N/A
Viton®	04-1010-53	04-1020-53	04-1080-53	04-1120-53	N/A	N/A
Polyurethane	04-1010-50	N/A	04-1080-50	04-1120-50	N/A	N/A
Wil-Flex [™]	04-1010-58	N/A	04-1080-58	04-1120-58	N/A	N/A
Saniflex™	04-1010-56	N/A	04-1080-56	04-1120-56	N/A	N/A
Fluoro-Seal™	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	04-1200-34	N/A
PTFE	04-1010-55	N/A	04-1080-55	N/A	04-1200-55	N/A
Aluminum	N/A	N/A	N/A	04-1121-01	N/A	04-4560-01
Carbon Steel	N/A	N/A	N/A	04-1121-08	N/A	N/A
Stainless Steel	N/A	N/A	N/A	04-1121-03	N/A	02-4550-03
Alloy C	N/A	N/A	N/A	04-1121-04	N/A	02-4550-04
Cast Iron	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	04-4560-02

^{*}NOTE: Rubber valve seats do not require an o-ring.



ELASTOMER OPTIONS - STALLION

T4 Metal STALLION Pumps

MATERIAL	Diaphragms (2) P/N	VALVE BALLS (4) P/N	VALVE SEATS (4) P/N
Neoprene	04-1020-51	04-1080-51-50	04-1120-51-50
Buna-N	04-1020-52	04-1080-52-50	04-1120-52-50
EPDM	04-1020-54	04-1080-54-50	04-1120-54-50
Viton®	04-1020-53	04-1080-53-50	04-1120-53-50





WARRANTY

Each and every product manufactured by Wilden Pump and Engineering, LLC is built to meet the highest standards of quality. Every pump is functionally tested to insure integrity of operation.

Wilden Pump and Engineering, LLC warrants that pumps, accessories and parts manufactured or supplied by it to be free from defects in material and workmanship for a period of five (5) years from date of installation or six (6) years from date of manufacture, whichever comes first. Failure due to normal wear, misapplication, or abuse is, of course, excluded from this warranty.

Since the use of Wilden pumps and parts is beyond our control, we cannot guarantee the suitability of any pump or part for a particular application and Wilden Pump and Engineering, LLC shall not be liable for any consequential damage or expense arising from the use or misuse of its products on any application. Responsibility is limited solely to replacement or repair of defective Wilden pumps and parts.

All decisions as to the cause of failure are the sole determination of Wilden Pump and Engineering, LLC.

Prior approval must be obtained from Wilden for return of any items for warranty consideration and must be accompanied by the appropriate MSDS for the product(s) involved. A Return Goods Tag, obtained from an authorized Wilden distributor, must be included with the items which must be shipped freight prepaid.

The foregoing warranty is exclusive and in lieu of all other warranties expressed or implied (whether written or oral) including all implied warranties of merchantability and fitness for any particular purpose. No distributor or other person is authorized to assume any liability or obligation for Wilden Pump and Engineering, LLC other than expressly provided herein.

PLEASE PRINT OR TYPE AND FAX TO WILDEN

T LEAGE THIN ON T	ILANDIAA	10 WILDLIN	
PUMP INFORMATION			
Item #	Serial #		
Company Where Purchased			
YOUR INFORMATION			
Company Name			
Industry			
Name		Title	
Street Address			
City	State	Postal Code	Country
Telephone Fax	E-mail		Web Address
Number of pumps in facility?	— Number of vv	/ilden pumps <i>!</i> ——	
Types of pumps in facility (check all that apply): Diaphrag	m Centrifi	ugal 🗌 Gear	Submersible Lobe
Other			
_			
Media being pumped?			
How did you hear of Wilden Pump?	Trade Show	Interr	net/E-mail Distributor
now did you flear of wriden rump: flade 3outhar	Hade Show	W 🗀 IIIteri	
Other			